

Oncology Clinical Pathways Kidney Cancer

October 2024 – V3.2024



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U.S. Department
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Kidney Cancer – Presumptive Conditions

VA automatically presumes that certain disabilities were caused by military service. This is because of the unique circumstances of a specific Veteran's military service. If a presumed condition is diagnosed in a Veteran within a certain group, they can be awarded disability compensation.

Gulf War and Post 9/11 Veterans

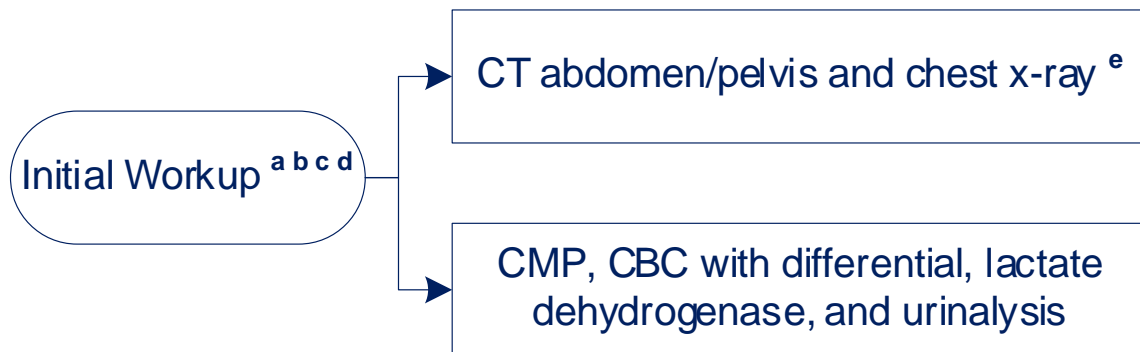
If the patient served on or after Sept. 11, 2001, in Afghanistan, Djibouti, Egypt, Jordan, Lebanon, Syria, Uzbekistan, or Yemen or if the patient served in the *Southwest Asia theater of operations, or Somalia, on or after Aug. 2, 1990, specific conditions include:

- Kidney cancer

*The Southwest Asia theater of operations refers to Iraq, Kuwait, Saudi Arabia, the neutral zone between Iraq and Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Qatar, the United Arab Emirates, Oman, the Gulf of Aden, the Gulf of Oman, the Persian Gulf, the Arabian Sea, the Red Sea, and the airspace above these locations.

For more information, please visit [U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs - Presumptive Disability Benefits \(va.gov\)](https://www.va.gov/presumptive-disability-benefits/)

Kidney Cancer – Initial Workup



Clinical trial(s) always considered on pathway. For assistance finding a clinical trial, email CancerClinicalTrialsNavigation@va.gov.

^a **Consider Genetic Counseling Evaluation** for multiple or bilateral renal masses, family history, or young age

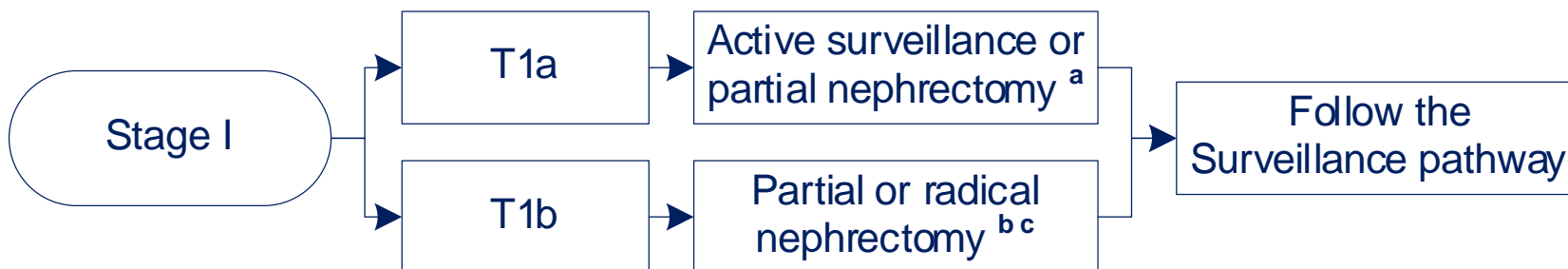
^b **Consider Renal Biopsy** if this would effect management

^c **If Urothelial Carcinoma Suspected**, consider urine cytology, ureteroscopy, or percutaneous biopsy

^d **Treatment Decisions Dependent on** patient comorbidities, surgical complexity, and shared decision making

^e **If Clinically Indicated**, consider bone scan, brain MRI, or chest CT

Kidney Cancer – Stage I



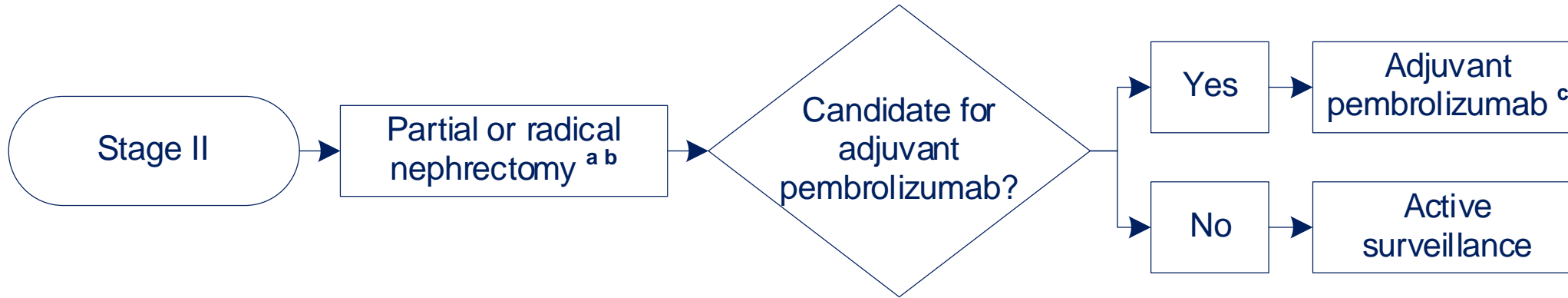
Clinical trial(s) always considered on pathway. For assistance finding a clinical trial, email CancerClinicalTrialsNavigation@va.gov.

^a **Additional Options Include** radical nephrectomy or ablative procedures including SBRT; renal biopsy; surveillance is preferred for small renal masses ($\leq 3\text{cm}$)

^b **Active Surveillance** appropriate in select patients (ex. not surgical candidates or medically frail)

^c **Ablative Procedures** including SBRT can be considered depending on case

Kidney Cancer – Stage II



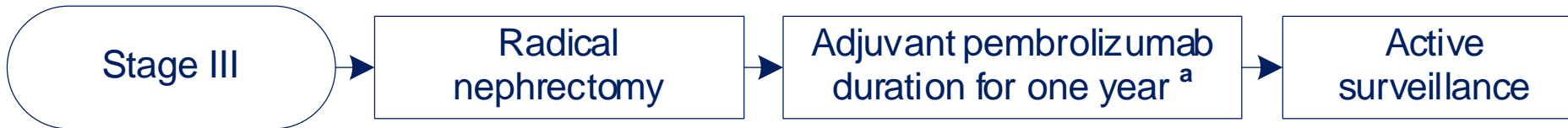
Clinical trial(s) always considered on pathway. For assistance finding a clinical trial, email CancerClinicalTrialsNavigation@va.gov.

^a **Nephrectomy Type** dependent on location, comorbidities, and kidney function

^b **Ablative Procedures** including SBRT can be considered depending on case

^c **Pembrolizumab** consider if clear cell stage II with nuclear grade 4 or sarcomatoid differentiation, tumor stage III or higher, regional lymph-node metastasis, or stage M1 with NED, one year duration

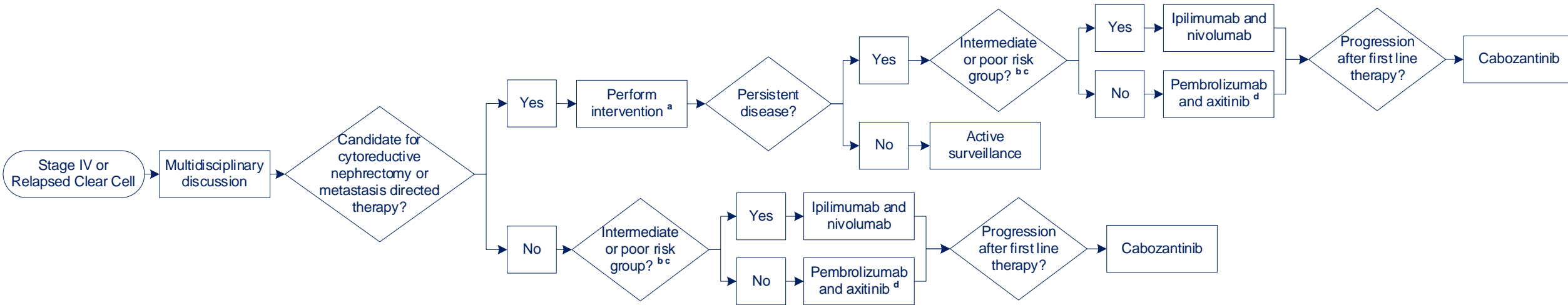
Kidney Cancer – Stage III



Clinical trial(s) always considered on pathway. For assistance finding a clinical trial, email CancerClinicalTrialsNavigation@va.gov.

^a **Pembrolizumab** consider if clear cell stage II with nuclear grade 4 or sarcomatoid differentiation, tumor stage III or higher, regional lymph-node metastasis, or stage M1 with NED, one year duration

Kidney Cancer – Stage IV or Relapsed Clear Cell



Clinical trial(s) always considered on pathway. For assistance finding a clinical trial, email CancerClinicalTrialsNavigation@va.gov.

^a **Intervention Includes** either cytoreductive nephrectomy or metastasis directed therapy

^b **Prognostic Factors** include: less than one year from time of diagnosis to systemic therapy, performance status <80%, hemoglobin < lower limit of normal, calcium > upper limit of normal, neutrophil > upper limit of normal, and platelets > upper limit of normal

^c **Prognostic Risk Groups** defined as favorable (no prognostic factors), intermediate (1-2 prognostic factors), or poor (3-6 prognostic factors)

^d **Pembrolizumab and Axitinib** no ICI or TKI combination has shown overall survival in favorable risk; active surveillance may be used in certain situations

ICI Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor
TKI Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitor

Kidney Cancer – Surveillance

		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
Surveillance Stage I	<i>H&P</i>	Annually				
	<i>CMP</i>	Annually				
	<i>Abdominal CT/MRI w/ contrast</i>	Within 6 months	Annually ^a			
	<i>Chest X-ray/CT</i>	As clinically indicated				

^a More rigorous schedule if positive margins, sarcomatoid features, or high grade

		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
Surveillance Stage II and Stage III with or without Adjuvant Therapy	<i>H&P</i>	Every 3-6 months			Annually	
	<i>CMP</i>	Every 3-6 months			Annually	
	<i>Abdominal CT/MRI w/ contrast</i>	Every 3-6 months			Annually	
	<i>Chest X-ray/CT</i>	Every 3-6 months			Annually	

		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
Surveillance Relapsed, Stage IV, or Surgically Unresectable	<i>H&P</i>	Every 6-16 weeks if receiving systemic therapy				
	<i>CMP</i>	Based on therapy used				
	<i>Abdominal CT/MRI w/ contrast</i>	Baseline, then every 12 weeks				
	<i>Chest X-ray/CT</i>	Baseline, then every 12 weeks				

Kidney Cancer – Molecular Testing Table

Eligibility	Test Category	Test Type	Recommended Vendors	NPOP Coverage	Specimen Type
Kidney Cancer Stage 1-IV, Relapsed Clear Cell or Surveillance	No molecular testing is currently required for standard prognostication and therapy.				



Questions?

Contact VHAOncologyPathways@va.gov



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